

BERLIN IS MUCH ELATED

SPAIN ASKS POWERS TO END MEXICAN WAR

Wants Joint Action of the Nations to Stop State of Anarchy in Mexico.

WASHINGTON NOT ADVISED

State Department Regards the Expulsion Incident as Mere Personal Matter.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The Spanish government has made application to the powers in order to obtain joint action to end what is termed to be a state of anarchy in Mexico, according to a despatch from Madrid to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

WASHINGTON REGARDING EXPULSION AS PERSONAL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The United States government had received no application from Spain for joint action with other nations, in the Mexican question, Secretary Bryan said tonight nor has any intimation reached the state department that such a step was contemplated.

Officials learned with much interest of the press reports that Spain had addressed a communication to the powers on the situation in Mexico. At the Spanish embassy it was said no word had been received from Madrid as to the decision of the cabinet but that a full report of the expulsion from Mexico of Jose Caro, the Spanish minister, on which, it is presumed here, Spain's reported action is based, had been sent to Mr. Caro through the embassy here to the Spanish foreign office.

Washington Not Advised.

The Spanish government may have addressed a note to all the powers reciting Caro's experiences with the Carranza government, officials here believe, but until the nature of Spain's suggestions are known they decline to speculate on the probable course of the American government.

That conditions in Mexico have been gradually growing worse is admitted at the state department. There has been a disposition to regard the expulsion of the Spanish minister as a personal matter between General Carranza and Mr. Caro but whether or not this was a fixed policy of the Washington government and would be influenced by any formal diplomatic action taken by Spain was a matter of wide conjecture.

Carranza's Explanation.

The Constitutional committee here made public tonight a despatch from General Carranza regarding the deportation of Caro. Summarized the despatch says: "Carranza ordered Caro to leave the country because he harbored in the legation building Angel DeCaso, a Spaniard, who had lived for years in Mexico. Angel DeCaso is an important accomplice of Francisco Villa and was involved in a series of murders and kidnappings in Mexico City. DeCaso, who posed before General Gutierrez as a confidential agent of Spain, went into hiding when Gutierrez left. Caro refused demands for DeCaso's surrender and did not answer any communication sent him on the DeCaso affair."

MANY TURKISH PRISONERS.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Forty-nine thousand Turkish prisoners including 627 officers have passed through Pyatigorsk in the territory of Terek, Caucasus, enroute to the interior since the war with Turkey began, according to the Petrograd correspondent of Reuters Telegram Company.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE AGAINST JUDGE DAYTON

Is Given by Attorney John C. Palmer in Connection with Coal Miners' Trials.

PARKERSBURG, Feb. 13.—That Federal Judge Alston G. Dayton, of the Northern district of West Virginia, from the bench referred to members of the United Mine Workers of America as "criminal conspirators" was the testimony of Attorney John C. Palmer, of Wheeling, at the session tonight of the congressional sub-committee which is investigating Judge Dayton's official record.

Palmer, who was on the stand for more than two hours, told of Judge Dayton's ruling against members of the miners' union. Several defendants in the contempt proceedings arising out of a suit of the West Virginia-Pittsburgh Coal Company against the miners' union, went on the stand and told of incidents in Judge Dayton's court room. Palmer stated that Judge Dayton, in his opinion, had shown judicial bias in the contempt cases. He declared that Judge Dayton, from the bench told him he had made untrue statements.

Attorney Clyde B. Johnson, of Charleston, testified that in the spring of 1912 he heard Judge Dayton in communication with O. C. Sweeney at St. Marys say that some witnesses for the Hope Natural Gas Company in a case before him had not told the truth.

"UNDYING LOVE" OF HEIRESS IS DEAD; DOESN'T WANT TO LIVE WITH KLEIST



Mrs. Juliet Breitung Kleist consulting with her lawyer, Delancey Nicoll, in court.

This picture of the former Juliet Breitung, daughter of a multi-millionaire New Yorker, was taken in the United States federal court building in New York city, where a great legal battle is being fought between her gardener husband, Max Kleist, and the Breitung family. Kleist wants \$250,000 from the elder Breitung for alienating the girl's affections. When she married Kleist her love for him, she said, was "undying"; now she spurns him.

Clarksburg Levy Bill Goes to Third Reading In House of Delegates

COURT MARTIAL

Trial is Given Private Hill for Making Sketches of Panama Canal Locks.

PANAMA, Feb. 13.—Private Charles H. Hill, of the Tenth Infantry, United States army, who had been doing lock guard duty at Miraflores, was tried this morning by a court martial on the charge of having made sketches of the locks, taking notes and drawing a few unimportant maps. The sketches, notes and maps were seized. He had a letter addressed to the Japanese charge at Panama, but Japan is not represented on the isthmus. The decision of the court has not been announced. Hill says he was using this means for getting out of the service.

MORE OVENS FIRED.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 13.—Announcement was made by the H. C. Frick Coke Company that 515 additional coke ovens had been fired during the day, adding 3,335 to the company's active list in the Connellsville region during the first half of February.

While Various Other Bills in Both Branches of Legislature Are Advanced.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 13.—In a special message on taxation and finance, sent to the legislature today by Governor Hatfield, an intimation as to the methods to be adopted to raise revenue was disclosed. Up to the present time but one important revenue measure has been presented, that being a privilege tax on holding land, offered by Senator Carter. It is identical with the recommendation made by Governor Hatfield in his message today, and in the opinion of the governor, will raise about six hundred thousand dollars a year by placing a tax of five cents an acre on owners of more than five and less than ten thousand acres, and ten cents an acre in excess of ten thousand acres.

While the House passed seventeen bills today, and advanced thirty more to third reading, few of the measures were of general importance. They included charters for Wheeling, Fairmont, Philippi, Mannington, Elkins and Bluefield. It engaged in a controversy over the constitutional provision whether members of the county court could receive two dollars per day for expenses in addition to the two dollars per day as salary. An amendment declaring that such expenses could not exceed two dollars per day was finally adopted, but (Continued on page 3, first section).

AMERICAN NOTE

Terms Are Much Friendlier Than the Germans Suspected at First.

BERLIN, via London, Feb. 13.—The German foreign office after studying the American note respecting the declaration by Germany of a war zone in the waters around Great Britain and Ireland states that terms are much friendlier than previously had been expected by reason of the incomplete newspaper despatches published here.

The foreign office had not anticipated that the United States would accept the German position without objection and it even recognizes that from the American standpoint certain of the points raised are quite justified.

Germany, however, it is declared, intends to adhere to its own viewpoint.

There are officials, diplomatic, naval and military, whose opinion had been sought, professing to see no elements of danger in the situation and are convinced that the naval campaign can be conducted on the lines laid down in the admiralty proclamation without involving difficulties between the United States and Germany.

VILLA'S VICTORY OVER CARRANZA OVER EAST PRUSSIA

Gives Him the Key to the West Coast District and Important Railroad Center.

CAPTURES SECOND CITY Villa Tells Associated Press of Execution of Priests by Carranza Troops.

EL PASO, Feb. 13.—Guadalajara, second largest city in Mexico, fell today into the hands of the Villa troops, according to a telegram received tonight by the Associated Press. General Villa described his victory as complete.

The Villa victory today over the Carranza troops of General Diegues follows a previous Carranza advance that the first attack on Guadalajara had been repulsed. Guadalajara is the key to the west coast district and an important railroad center.

Villa also told of the execution at Guadalajara by the Carranza troops of several priests.

BLOW UP MINES

And Germans Take Bavarian Pioneer Workers by Surprise with Explosion.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The following communication was issued by the war office tonight:

"In Belgium there have been artillery actions. At Laboiselle we blew up a series of mines occupying the excavations. Before Dompiere, southwest of Peronne, the explosion of one of our mines took by surprise Bavarian pioneers at work."

"The enemy has bombarded the villages of Bally and Tracy-le-Val. Our heavy artillery has reached the railway station of Noyon. In the Champagne district in the region of Souain one of our battalions, which had been successful in taking possession of a wood in front of our trenches, was not able to maintain its position before a counter attack by superior forces."

"A violent storm has prevented the artillery from rendering efficacious support."

M'NAMARA PAL

In Dynamiting Times Office Man Arrested in New York is Said to Have Been.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Matthew A. Schmidt, 24, was arrested here tonight as a fugitive from justice in an indictment found in Los Angeles in October, 1910, charging him with having been implicated in dynamiting the Los Angeles Times building. The arrest was made on upper Broadway where detectives had traced him after a search of four years.

Detective William J. Burns, who accompanied the officers making the arrest, said the indictment charges that Schmidt was one of several men who went with J. B. McNamara to the works of the Giant Powder Company in California and purchased 1,000 pounds of dynamite. Schmidt was held without bail until February 24 to await extradition.

TURKS AND ARABS

Preparing to Attack a British Station at Entrance of Suez Canal Are Killed.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—A force of 200 Turks and Arabs under German officers who were preparing to attack the British station of Tor at the entrance to the Gulf of Suez was attacked and either killed or taken prisoners yesterday by a British force, according to a British official report from Cairo. One hundred soldiers were taken prisoners and of the others it is believed not one escaped death.

DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE: Met at noon. Democrats conferred on the ship bill and cloture proposals but took no action. Adjourned at 4:50 p. m. until noon Monday.

HOUSE: Met at 10 a. m. Debate was continued on the sundry civil appropriation bill. Representative Stephens of California introduced a substitute ship bill. Leaders prepared for caucus on the administration ship bill. Representative Padgett introduced special rule for consideration of ship bill. Adjourned at 4:45 p. m. until noon Sunday for eulogies on the late Representative Martin, of New Jersey.

SERBIAN WOMAN SEEKS AID IN U. S. FOR IMPOVERISHED FARMERS OF HER LAND



Miss Helen Losanitch.

Miss Helen Losanitch, daughter of the former minister of agriculture and commerce of Serbia, is in the United States to ask help for the farmers of her native country, Serbia—that is her plea. Serbia also needs agricultural implements and grain for immediate use.

Germany Seems Willing To Relax Its Warfare On Merchant Shipping

Provided Country is Assured of a Continuous Food Supply for Non-Combatants.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The importance which the German government attaches to the unrestricted shipment of foodstuffs for its civilian population was emphasized at the state department today by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, who conferred with both Secretary Bryan and Counselor Lansing. While no formal statement regarding the ambassador's call was issued by the department it was said afterwards that he had hinted that warfare on merchant shipping might be relaxed if Germany could be assured of a continuous food supply for her non-combatant population.

The position of the German government, it was explained, is that the proclamation of a war zone and campaign against enemy merchant ships was simply a retaliation against England's alleged violations of the declaration of London in hindering conditional contraband destined for civilians from reaching Germany. This, according to the German ambassador, is no less inhuman than the campaign on merchant vessels.

While declining to authorize any statement, officials admitted that the American note to Germany was open (Continued on page 2, first section).

GREAT CAUTION

Marks the Actions of the Stock Market in the City of New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—A tone of extreme caution was evinced during today's short session of the stock market and was ascribed for the most part to apprehension growing out of latest international developments. The representations made by this government to England and Germany occasioned suspense in high financial circles and gave the trading element an opportunity to make fresh commitments on the bear side. Prominent shares were sold moderately with net losses of a point or more in the speculative favorites. Lower prices were made in the later deals at which time United States Steel and Union Pacific were stepped out by the bears. New Haven shares again showed marked weakness declining two points abruptly to the minimum price of 40.

Another break in Sterling Exchange on London to the lowest price quoted since 1907, gave rise to the belief that further imports of coal from Canada are underway.

But the Russians May Make a Stand at Their Fortresses on the Frontier.

EGYPTIANS DEFEAT TURKS

British Are Pleased with the Exploits of Their Airmen the Last Few Days.

LONDON, 10:40 p. m., Feb. 13.—Berlin is celebrating the evacuation of East Prussia by the Russians, which is hailed in the German capital as another great victory for Field Marshal von Hindenburg. England is not attempting to hide her elation at the success of the airman's raid on the German positions in Belgium and all Europe is eagerly discussing the American notes to Great Britain and Germany, and contemplating what the replies will be.

Great Britain has already intimated that British merchant ships have been advised to use neutral flags only in case of emergency and no general use of such flags is anticipated.

Another Warning to Neutrals.

The German minister at The Hague has issued another warning to neutrals to the effect that in view of the alleged declaration of all the British ports as war ports and the use of neutral flags by British ships it would be dangerous for neutral merchantmen to visit the prescribed waters after February 18.

So far as the East Prussian situation is concerned the Russian official report indicates that the Russians having evacuated the greater part of the German province are making a stand on or near their frontier, whether for a fixed battle, or only to delay the German advance, it will take a few days to tell.

May Still Give Battle.

On the last occasion that von Hindenburg drove them from East Prussia the Russians fell back to their fortified lines between Mlawa and the German frontier where they defeated the Germans. On this occasion, however, they have had more time to reorganize their positions and may give battle before the fatigues are reached. The Russians already claim to have repulsed one German attack near Lyck.

Through Poland, where fierce fighting has occurred during the last week, the battle is not consist of artillery engagements while in the Carpathians fighting of more or less severity continues. The Germans are making repeated terrific attacks. An effort to capture the heights of Kosziwka in Tulkolka pass, which they won and lost twice since last Saturday. They are now entrenched within forty paces of the Russian positions and despite the heavy losses are apparently hopeful of capturing them.

On the rest of the Carpathian front the Russians seemingly are making progress.

EGYPTIANS DEFEAT TURKS.

The Egyptian army has just placed to its credit a brilliant feat by annihilating a force of 200 Turks and Arabs, offered by Germans, who were preparing to attack Tor at the entrance of the Gulf of Suez.

In the view of British experts the air raid on Belgium proves that the British airmen are superior to the Germans and have a great advantage in the possession of bases on the continent as well as in England, while the British, if they are unable to return, can land in France, the Germans must make the round trip across the sea.

In France, Flanders and Alsace there has been little or no fighting (Continued on page 3, first section).

ALLEGED BRIBERY OF PUBLIC SERVICE MEN

Is Injected into Gas Rate Hearings and McCamie Makes Some Admissions.

WHEELING, Feb. 13.—The alleged attempted bribery of two members of the West Virginia Public Service Commission was injected today into the hearings before a special master of the Manufacturers' Light and Heat Company on appeal from an order of the commission lowering its rates. Attorney A. Leo Weil, chief counsel for the company, is now under indictment for attempting to bribe C. H. Bronson and the late H. N. Ogden, members of the commission. Despite objections of the company's attorneys, J. W. Vandervort, the master, allowed Charles McCamie, local counsel for the company, to be questioned concerning the hiring of C. D. Elliott, former adjutant general, to obtain affidavits from members of the commission. The day was marked by the interruption and wrangling of counsel. McCamie and former Governor W. E. Glasscock, in whose term the commission was appointed, were the only witnesses heard.

Although denying any offer of money had been made directly or indirectly to the commissioners to obtain from them affidavits that they had been forced to reduce the company's rates by threat of Governor H. D. Hatfield, McCamie admitted General Elliott had been employed by the company. Mc-